

## THE NURSE AGENCY OSHA POST-TEST

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The prepared nurse should always check their assigned area for which of the following?

- A. Fire extinguishers
- B. Fire exits
- C. Fire doors
- D. Fire alarms
- E. All of the above

2. RACE is an acronym for which of the following?

- A. Rescue, Alarm, Contain, Exit
- B. Reassure, Account for patients, Close doors, Exit
- C. Rescue, Alarm, Contain, Extinguish
- D. Reassure, Alarm, Contain, Extinguish

3. Which of the following is the most common type of fire extinguisher found in the healthcare setting?

- A. Type "A"
- B. Type "BC"
- C. "ABC" Multipurpose

4. To operate a fire extinguisher, read the directions, and then think "PASS," which means:

- A. Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Sit down
- B. Pin, Aim, Shout, Squeeze
- C. Point, Alarm, Shout, Sweep
- D. Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Sweep

**Match the following hazardous chemicals with their description.**

- 5. Flammable Chemicals: \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Reactive Chemicals: \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Toxic Chemicals \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Corrosive Chemicals \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Can destroy, irritate, or sensitize living cells
- B. Give off flammable vapors even at room temperature
- C. Can poison internal organs, the nervous system or brain
- D. Are unstable. A violent chemical change can be set off by certain conditions.

9. Labels on chemicals give you the "quick facts" about the chemicals and should be replaced if missing or damaged.

- A. True
- B. False

10. Infection control does which of the following?

- A. Breaks the chain of transmission
- B. Helps to isolate sources of infection
- C. Prevents unnecessary communicable diseases
- D. All of the above

11. Tuberculosis is an infectious disease spread person to person through the air and into the lungs. Check which of the following may be symptoms of Tuberculosis.

- |                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| _____ Weakness     | _____ Weight loss   |
| _____ Night sweats | _____ Cough         |
| _____ Vomiting     | _____ Bloody Sputum |

12. TB is prevented by infection control and treated with medication.

- A. True
- B. False

13. Which of the following statements is true about Hepatitis-B?

- A. HBV is not a bloodborne infection.
- B. HBV can be transmitted through casual contact.
- C. HBV is a major occupational risk for health-care workers.
- D. HBV is not preventable with an immunization.

14. Which of the following statements is true about Human Immunodeficiency Virus?

- A. HIV is not transmitted through casual contact.
- B. HIV can result in the life-threatening illness AIDS.
- C. There is no immunization that can prevent HIV.
- D. All of the above.

15. Which of the following is not listed as Personal Protection Equipment?

- A. Gown
- B. Gloves
- C. Protective headgear
- D. Resuscitation equipment

16. Which of the following is true about hand washing?

- A. Must be immediate and thorough
- B. Must occur before and after each patient contact
- C. Must occur after exposure to contamination
- D. All of the above

17. To avoid needle stick injuries:

- A. Remove needle from syringe and discard
- B. Recap needles after injections and carry in pocket to approved receptacle
- C. Dispose of needles in waste disposal bags
- D. Do not recap, bend, break or recap needles

18. If body fluid droplets are in the air:

- A. Wear protective eyewear
- B. Wear a mask
- C. Wear a mask and eyewear
- D. Leave the room

19. Gloves should be worn:

- A. For phlebotomy, but only if they don't interfere with the blood draw
- B. When you are likely to touch body fluids
- C. Whenever going near a patient with a known infection
- D. At your discretion

20. Universal Precautions should be observed:

- A. With all patients
- B. Only with patients with known infections
- C. Only when ordered by a physician
- D. Only with patients with HBV and HIV